Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

December 31, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors **PITTSFIELD ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY** 81 Kellogg St. Pittsfield, MA 01201

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Pittsfield Economic Development Authority as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Pittsfield Economic Development Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of Pittsfield Economic Development Authority as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on page 4 and the schedule of the Authority's proportionate share of net pension liability and pension contributions on page 19 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited Pittsfield Economic Development Authority's 2015 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those financial statements in our report dated March 15, 2016. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 4, 2017, on our consideration of Pittsfield Economic Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Pittsfield Economic Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ADELSON & COMPANY PC Pittsfield, MA

March 4, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2016

As financial management of the Pittsfield Economic Development Authority (the Authority), we offer readers of these financial statements, an overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority. This narrative is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, identify changes in the Authority's financial position, identify any material deviations from the approved budget, and identify individual issues or concerns.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts. It should be read in conjunction with the financial statements that follow.

The Pittsfield Economic Development Authority (the Authority) was created by the Massachusetts Legislature in 1998 for the purpose of redeveloping brownfields properties and promoting economic development in the City of Pittsfield. The Authority, governed by a Board of Directors, is a quasi-public agency created by a special act of the Massachusetts State Legislature, for the purpose of being the recipient and redeveloper of approximately 52 acres of General Electric Company's former industrial facility located in the heart of Pittsfield, Massachusetts. This development, known today as the William Stanley Business Park, has three of its parcels occupied with ten prime building sites available for new business and industry.

The Authority's work must be transparent, fiscally and socially responsible, economically, socially and environmentally sustainable, consistent, inclusive, and equitable. The Authority will accomplish this by collaboration, market focus, clustering and accountability.

The Authority must work with businesses to pave the way for their development and expansion. It must work with citizen groups, environmental groups, and labor to ensure they participate in the economic growth of the area. In addition, the Authority must work closely with the City of Pittsfield, the Federal government (EPA), and State government (DEP), to ensure the public sector offers a supportive role for businesses and a regulatory level appropriate for the public safety and health of the Community.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities at the close of the current fiscal year resulting in a net position of \$8,163,924. This includes \$419,452 in unrestricted net position available to meet the ongoing operations of the Authority, a restricted deficit of (\$4,000,000) recorded for the Natural Resources Damages obligation (consent decree) and \$11,744,472 invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

	2016	(Comparative 2015
Summary Change in Net Position Net position, beginning	<u>\$</u> 7,022,	<u>547</u> <u>\$</u>	3,545,537
Operating income (loss)	(104,	451)	(142,945)
Non-operating revenue	13,	432	14,519
Income (loss) before in-kind contribution of property	(91,)19)	(128,426)
Woodlawn Avenue Bridge (see Note 3)	1,232,	296	3,605,536
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,141,;	277	3,477,110
Net position, ending	<u>\$</u> 8,163,	<u>924</u> <u>\$</u>	7,022,647

Overview of the Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund

Proprietary funds report the enterprise, or business-type activities of the Authority. The Authority's financial statements consist of three main statements: Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows. Notes and supplementary information that disclose information about the nature of the Authority's business, accounting policies and additional information about specific statement amounts follow these statements.

The Authority's net position consists of its net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, infrastructure and office equipment), less any debt used to acquire those assets, and a restricted deficit set aside to meet the obligations for the Natural Resources Damages obligation (consent decree). Although the Authority's capital assets are reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The Authority currently has no capital lease obligations.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position report the results of both operating and non-operating activities. Increases or decreases in the Authority's net position indicate whether the financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Cash Flows, which is presented using the direct method, accounts for the change in the cash and equivalents balance between January 1 and December 31. The cash flows statement provides the detail on the cash the Authority received from and paid for operating and non-operating, investing, and financing activities.

PITTSFIELD ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY Summary Statement of Net Position December 31,

		2016	C	omparative 2015
Assets			_	
Cash and equivalents	\$	3,852,457	\$	4,085,659
Receivables		2,364		29,142
Prepaid expenses		142,307		156,541
Forgivable note receivable		200,000		175,000
Capital assets, net		11,868,689		10,808,736
Total assets		16,065,817	·	15,255,078
Liabilities				
Accounts payables		5,256		8,787
Advanced revenue		3,614,230		3,938,345
Land purchase deposit		65,000		
Long-term liabilities		4,124,217		4,124,217
Net pension liability		93,190		161,082
Total liabilities		7,901,893		8,232,431
Net position				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		11,744,472		10,684,519
Restricted for natural resource obligation (deficit)		(4,000,000)		(4,000,000)
Unrestricted		419,452		338,128
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	8,163,924	<u>\$</u>	7,022,647

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The table below provides a summary of the changes in net position for the year ended December 31:

PITTSFIELD ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY
Summary Change in Net Position
December 31,

		2016	Co	omparative 2015
Operating revenues				
General Electric Company	\$	324,115	\$	307,758
Ground lease income		20,823		22,644
Grant income				46,043
Maintenance fee income		11,358		15,445
Rental income		8,720		10,326
Other revenue		272		577
In-kind rent		25,000		25,000
Total operating revenues		390,288		427,793
Operating expenses				
Management and general		140,613		181,864
Project development		354,126		388,874
Total operating expenses		494,739		570,738
Operating loss		(104,451)		(142,945)
Nonoperating revenue - interest income		13,432	A1110000-1112000-0	14,519
Loss before in-kind contribution of property		(91,019)		(128,426)
Woodlawn Avenue Bridge (see Note 3)		1,232,296		3,605,536
Change in net position	<u>\$</u>	1,141,277	<u>\$</u>	3,477,110

The Authority incurred an operating loss in fiscal year 2016 of (104,451). This operating loss is the result of the Authority recording:

- Depreciation expense of \$172,343, which was incurred on fixed assets received from General Electric Company (GE) or purchased with GE funds, and is not allowed to be charged against current year funding received from GE.
- Change (reduction) in the Authority's proportionate share of the Pittsfield Retirement System's net pension liability of \$(67,892), which is a non-reimbursable cost at this time.

Budgetary Highlights

The original budget approved for fiscal year 2016 was not amended. Explanation of significant budget vs actual variances are as follows:

	2016					
	Original and Final Budget Ac					ariance worable
				Actual	(Uni	favorable)
General Electric Company revenue	\$	279,409	\$	324,115	\$	44,706
Grant income		425,000				(425,000)
Contract costs		470,525		117,498		353,027
Bad debts		40 au 14		11,040		(11,040)
Depreciation		141,946		172,343		(30,397)

General Electric Company

The Authority utilizes General Electric Company funds for capital and operating costs. After applying other sources of operating revenues, such as lease income, maintenance fee income, and grants, the GE funds are used to subsidize the operations. For fiscal year 2016, the Authority utilized \$324,115 of GE funds to subsidize its operating costs. Unused GE funds, which are reported on the Statement of Net Position as advanced revenue, are carried forward to be utilized in next year's operations. Additional information on the advanced GE funds is disclosed in Notes 7 and 8 of the financial statements.

Grant Income / Contract Costs

PEDA had been awarded two brownfield grants from MassDevelopment for environmental projects in the William Stanley Business Park. These awards are reimbursable grants and require work to be completed prior to receiving payment. Due to project and construction delays, no work has been completed in 2016, and therefore no grant funds have been received. Similarly, the expense side of the budget labeled "Contract costs" reflects the like disparity. These items will carry over to 2017 and beyond if necessary and matching income and expense will be reflected as projects are completed.

Bad debts

The Authority had an agreement to sublease a portion of its office space at 81 Kellogg Street to a third party through October 2016. During 2016, the third party filed for bankruptcy, and owed several months of rent to the Authority. It is not expected that the Authority will receive any of the rent owed as part of the bankruptcy court proceedings. Accordingly, management wrote off the outstanding receivables as bad debts.

Depreciation

Upon completion of the Woodlawn Avenue Bridge in 2016, the infrastructure is beginning to be depreciated. Depreciation on the bridge infrastructure was not included in the budget.

Capital Projects

Woodlawn Avenue Bridge

During 2016, the Authority recorded \$1,232,296 of infrastructure in process for the replacement of the Woodlawn Avenue Bridge, connecting Woodlawn Avenue and East Street, and providing access to the Authority's industrial property for future development. The project was funded and managed by the Massachusetts Department of Transportation, which the Authority recorded a total of \$4,863,362 of in-kind revenue for. The project was completed in fiscal year 2016.

In addition, the Authority entered into an easement agreement with the City of Pittsfield, to make the section of Woodlawn Avenue between East Street and Kellogg Street available as a public roadway. The City of Pittsfield is responsible for all maintenance, repair and replacement of the bridge, roadway, utility costs for lighting, as well as other activities described in the easement agreement.

Natural Resource Obligation

The Authority was joined as a necessary party to a Consent Decree which placed certain obligations on the Authority with respect to payment of natural resource damages. The Authority is required to pay \$4,000,000 consisting of in-kind services and/or a percentage of its net revenues to the federal government and the states of Connecticut and Massachusetts in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Consent Decree. Additional information on the Natural Resource Obligation can be found in Note 9 to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt

The Authority's long-term debt consists of \$124,217 owed to the Massachusetts Development Finance Agency, which was received for the purpose of covering a portion of a 10 year environmental insurance policy that expired in August 2012. The Authority agrees to repay this loan within 30 days of the first land sale without interest. As of December 31, 2016 the Authority has not made any land sales, and accordingly, no payments on this note are due.

Berkshire Innovation Center Project

The City of Pittsfield has been awarded \$9.67 million dollars in funding from the Massachusetts Life Science Center for the capital costs to build the Berkshire Innovation Center (BIC) at the William Stanley Business Park. The BIC is proposed as a 20,000 square foot accelerator facility allowing small and medium sized manufactures access to advanced research and development capabilities to enable them to accelerate new product development and innovation.

The facility will include \$2 million in state of the art equipment, a video conferencing / training room, clean rooms, wet lab space, and flexible space for startup companies to commercialize projects. Workforce development will be supported by the educational partnerships, mentor companies and leading research institutions.

The facility will be constructed by the City of Pittsfield on the Authority's property in the William Stanley Business Park along East Street.

Current status

Construction of the BIC has been delayed since bid prices exceeded original cost estimates. Efforts have been underway to obtain the necessary gap funding.

Contingent Land Purchase Agreement

The Authority has entered into multiple agreements with a private developer to sell a parcel of land, known as the "Teens" or "Site 9" at the William Stanley Business Park. The developer intends to construct a retail store and is in the process of obtaining the necessary governmental approvals and permits to proceed with the purchase and construction. As part of the agreements, the developer made a non-refundable deposit of \$65,000, which will be used as a credit towards the purchase price at closing. As of the date of the financial statements, the developer has not obtained the necessary permits to proceed with a final purchase of the property.

Economic Dependency

The Authority is heavily dependent on the \$15.3 million of funds provided by General Electric under the Definitive Economic Development Agreement (DEDA) between General Electric and the City of Pittsfield and the Authority. As of December 31, 2016, there is \$2,230,217 in advanced revenue which is available for future spending. Additional information can be found in Note 7 and 8 of the financial statements.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Pittsfield Economic Development Authority for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Executive Director, 81 Kellogg St., Pittsfield, MA 01201.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31,

ASSETS		2016	C	omparative 2015
Current assets				
Cash and equivalents	\$	3,852,457	\$	4,085,659
Rent receivable		2,364		6,259
Grant receivable				22,883
Forgivable note receivable, current portion		50,000		37,500
Prepaid expenses	-	142,307		156,541
Total current assets		4,047,128		4,308,842
Forgivable note receivable, less current portion		150,000	£.	137,500
Capital assets, net		11,868,689		10,808,736
TOTAL ASSETS		16,065,817		15,255,078
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		5,256		8,787
Advanced General Electric Company revenue		3,614,230		3,938,345
Land purchase deposit		65,000		
Long-term debt		124,217		124,217
Natural resource obligation		4,000,000		4,000,000
Net pension liability		93,190		161,082
TOTAL LIABILITIES		7,901,893		8,232,431
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets,		11 744 470		10 (04 510
net of related debt		11,744,472		10,684,519
Restricted for natural resource obligation (deficit)		(4,000,000)		(4,000,000)
Unrestricted		419,452	·····	338,128
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	8,163,924	<u>\$</u>	7,022,647

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

]	inal and Final Budget		Actual	Fa	ariance vorable [°] avorable)	C.	omparative 2015 Actual
Operating revenues								
General Electric Company	\$	279,409	\$	324,115	\$	44,706	\$	307,758
Ground lease income		18,600		20,823		2,223		22,644
Grant income		425,000				(425,000)		46,043
CAM management fee income		16,000		11,358		(4,642)		15,445
Rental income		10,500		8,720		(1,780)		10,326
Other revenue				272		272		577
In-kind rent		18,000		25,000		7,000		25,000
Total operating revenues		767,509		390,288		(377,221)		427,793
Operating expenses								
Management and General								
Payroll		89,100		79,143		9,957		80,025
Payroll taxes and fringe benefits		11,000		17,809		(6,809)		10,381
Change in net pension liability				(67,892)		67,892		999
Administrative expenses		22,281		14,932		7,349		24,750
Advertising and marketing		42,100		33,655		8,445		15,622
Insurance		7,685		6,208		1,477		5,845
Maintenance and repairs Professional fees		29,355 14,500		20,333 14,607		9,022 (107)		25,848 14,145
Telephone and utilities		22,900		10,778		12,122		4,249
Bad debts				11,040		(11,040)		
Total management and general	<u></u>	238,921		140,613		98,308		181,864
		~~						
Project Development		40,388		20.295		1 102		20.276
Insurance		40,388 470,525		39,285 117,498		1,103 353,027		39,276 182,652
Contract costs		18,000		25,000		(7,000)		25,000
In-kind rent expense Depreciation		141,946		172,343		(30,397)		23,000 141,946
Total project development costs		670,859	W	354,126		316,733		388,874
Total project development costs								
Total operating expenses		909,780		494,739	<u></u>	415,041		570,738
OPERATING LOSS		(142,271)		(104,451)		37,820		(142,945)
Non-operating revenue						<u>_</u> .		
Interest income		10,200		13,432		3,232		14,519
LOSS BEFORE IN-KIND CONTRIBUTION								
OF PROPERTY	\$	(132,071)		(91,019)	\$	41,052		(128,426)
		and have down and		(, ,		2 <u></u>		
Woodlawn Avenue Bridge (see Note 3)				1,232,296				3,605,536
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				1,141,277				3,477,110
Net position, beginning				7,022,647				3,545,537
NET POSITION, ENDING			<u>\$</u>	8,163,924			\$	7,022,647

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31,

		2016		omparative 2015
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from rental and leasing activities	\$	33,757	\$	43,391
Receipts from grant		22,883		25,246
Receipts from other income		272		577
Payments for goods and services		(209,094) (96,952)		(286,036) (90,406)
Payments to employees Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(249,134)		(307,228)
Not easil provided (used) by operating activities	-	(2+),15+)		(307,220)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Receipt from land deposit		65,000		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		65,000		
Cash flows from investing activities:				
(Increase) decrease in advance to City of Pittsfield				79,500
Issuance of forgivable note receivable		(62,500)		(125,000)
Interest income	ý	13,432		14,519
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(49,068)		(30,981)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS		(233,202)		(338,209)
Cash and equivalents, beginning	<u></u>	4,085,659		4,423,868
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$	3,852,457	<u>\$</u>	4,085,659
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Operating loss	\$	(104,451)	\$	(142,945)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	÷	(101,101)	÷	(1.2,5.10)
provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation		172,343		141,946
Forgiveness of note receivable		37,500		12,500
Change in operating assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in rent receivable		3,895		(5,024)
(Increase) decrease in grant receivable		22,883		(20,797)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		14,234		20,579
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(3,531)		(6,728)
Increase (decrease) in advanced revenue		(324,115)		(307,758)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	¢	(67,892)	¢.	999
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	(249,134)	<u>\$</u>	(307,228)
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA				
Noncash transaction: Woodlawn Avenue Bridge	\$	1,232,296	<u>\$</u>	3,605,536

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Activities of the Authority

The Pittsfield Economic Development Authority (the "Authority") was created by the Massachusetts Legislature in 1998 (St. 1998, c.194, Section 268, as amended by St. 1998, c.486, Section 2 "Enabling Legislation") for the purpose of redeveloping brownfields properties and promoting economic development in the City of Pittsfield. The Authority is the owner of certain industrial real property formerly owned by the General Electric Company ("GE"). This acquisition of land was the result of a settlement embodied in a consent decree that was approved by the United States District Court, Western District of Massachusetts in October of 2000. The specific terms of the land transfer are set forth in a separate Definitive Economic Development Agreement (the "DEDA") between the Authority, GE, and the City of Pittsfield. Under the DEDA, as amended, GE transferred approximately 55 acres of land to the Authority, which it intends to develop for commercial/industrial space.

Economic Dependency

GE provided \$15.3 million to the Authority to support redevelopment efforts on the transferred property (see Note 7). Additional committed funding from GE totaling \$3,750,000 is outlined in Note 8. The Authority has also received, and expects to rely in the future upon, grants, loans, and other funding from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Reporting Entity and Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the Authority are presented on the basis considered to be a separate accounting and legal entity. The Authority does not have any component units as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) to include in its financial statements. The operations of each fund are accounted for in a set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, expenditures or expenses and other financing sources and uses.

Basis of Accounting

An enterprise fund, which is a type of propriety fund, is used to account for the Authority's business-type operations. An enterprise fund is used when legal requirements, or management's policy requires, that the cost of providing services be recovered at least in part through fees or charges. All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The accrual basis of accounting is used by proprietary funds whereby revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing activities. The principal operating revenues of the Authority's enterprise fund are charges to customers for rental and related activities and GE operating support. Operating expenses of the Authority's enterprise fund include the cost of services, maintenance and administrative expenses, and depreciation expense on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1 - (Continued)

Grants and Entitlement Revenue

Operating assistance and capital assistance are recorded at the time eligible expenditures under the terms of the grants are incurred.

Budgetary Data

The Authority follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Executive Director presents to the Authority's Board a draft budget for approval by January 1, each year, for the fiscal year commencing. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. The budget may be amended during the year. There were no amendments to the original budget in fiscal year 2016.

Cash and Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Authority considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment acquired are recorded at acquisition cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over three to forty year lives. In-kind contribution of property is recorded at fair market value at the date of the donation.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 4, 2017, the date the financial statements were available for issue, and has determined that there are no additional adjustments or disclosures required.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State and local statutes place certain limitations on the nature of deposits and investments available to the Authority. Deposits including demand deposits, money markets and certificates of deposit in any one financial institution, may not exceed certain levels unless collateralized by the financial institution involved. Investments may be made in unconditionally guaranteed U.S. Government obligations having maturities of a year or less from the date of purchase, or through repurchase agreements with maturities of no greater than 90 days in which the underlying securities consist of such obligations. Other allowable investments include authorized bonds of all states, banker's acceptances, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications established by rating agencies, and units in the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT).

Custodial Credit Risk Related To Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned. The Authority carries deposits and short-term investments that are fully insured by FDIC insurance, NCUA insurance, or collateralized. Bank deposits, as of December 31, 2016, were \$3,854,487, all of which were insured and collateralized.

Concentration Risk

The Authority adheres to the provisions of M.G.L. c. 44, sec. 55 when managing concentration risk. M.G.L. c. 44, sec. 55 contains several restrictions limiting where and under what circumstances the Authority may deposit its funds. Pursuant to M.G.L. c. 44, sec. 55, cities, towns, and authorities in the Commonwealth may deposit available fund balances in banks, trust companies, or banking companies, provided that the amounts deposited do not exceed 60% of the capital and surplus of an institution unless satisfactory security for the amount in excess of 60% is provided by the depository.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

]	Beginning Balance		Increases	Decreases	 Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	2,415,829	\$		\$	\$ 2,415,829
Infrastructure in process		3,631,066		1,232,296	(4,863,362)	 ,
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		6,046,895		1,232,296	(4,863,362)	 2,415,829
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Infrastructure		5,655,663		4,863,362		10,519,025
Office furniture and equipment		3,883	ľ			 3,883
Total capital, assets being depreciated		5,659,546		4,863,362		10,522,908
						,
Less accumulated depreciation for :						
Infrastructure		(894,655)		(171,788)		(1,066,443)
Office furniture and equipment	·	(3,050)		(555)		 (3,605)
Total accumulated depreciation		(897,705)		(172,343)		(1,070,048)
Capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	10,808,736	\$	5,923,315	<u>\$ (4,863,362)</u>	\$ 11,868,689

The Authority's capital assets, including land and infrastructure, were acquired through transfers from the General Electric Company (GE), transfers from Eversource (formerly the Western Massachusetts Electric Company), acquisitions by eminent domain, by purchase with the use of GE funds, and in-kind contribution from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Depreciation expense incurred on assets received by in-kind contribution, GE or purchased with GE funds is not charged against the funding received from GE.

Woodlawn Avenue Bridge

During 2016, the Authority recorded \$1,232,296 of infrastructure in process for the replacement of the Woodlawn Avenue Bridge, connecting Woodlawn Avenue and East Street, and providing access to the Authority's industrial property for future development. The project was funded and managed by the Massachusetts Department of Transportation, which the Authority recorded a total of \$4,863,362 of in-kind revenue for. The project was completed in fiscal year 2016.

In addition, the Authority entered into an easement agreement with the City of Pittsfield, to make the section of Woodlawn Avenue between East Street and Kellogg Street available as a public roadway. The City of Pittsfield is responsible for all maintenance, repair and replacement of the bridge, roadway, utility costs for lighting, as well as other activities described in the easement agreement.

NOTE 4 - PENSION PLAN

Plan description

The Authority participates in the Pittsfield Retirement System (the Plan) which is a cost-sharing multipleemployer public employee retirement system. The Plan provides pensions for eligible employees of 4 participating employers. The Plan is governed and operated by an independent Retirement Board, which is governed by Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws. This law in general provides uniform benefits, uniform contribution requirements and a uniform accounting and funds structure. Participation in the Plan is mandatory for all full-time employees. Eligibility with respect to part-time, provisional, temporary, seasonal or intermittent employment is governed by regulations promulgated by the Retirement Board, and approved by the Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission (PERAC).

Results of the Plan are based on liabilities developed in an actuarial valuation performed as of January 1, 2015 and rolled forward to the Plan's measurement date of December 31, 2015. The Pittsfield Retirement System did not have an independent audit performed for the plan year ended December 31, 2015. The effect of the pension expense and liability is not considered material to the Authority's financial statements.

Accounting Policy

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Membership

There are three classes of membership in the Plan:

Group 1

General employees, including clerical, administrative, technical and all other employees not otherwise classified.

Group 2

Certain specified hazardous duty positions.

Group 4

Police officers, firefighters, and other specified hazardous positions

At December 31, 2015, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Active members Retired members and beneficiaries	927 758
Inactive members entitled to a return of employee contributions	225
Inactive members with a vested right to a deferred or immediate benefit	18
Total	1,928
Number of participating employers	4

Benefits

The Plan provides pension benefits, deferred allowances, and death and disability benefits. A member's annual allowance is determined by multiplying average salary by a benefit rate related to the member's age and job classification at retirement, and the resulting product by his or her creditable service. The amount determined by the benefit formula cannot exceed 80% of the member's highest three year (or five year salary for persons who became members on or after April 2, 2012) average salary. For veterans as defined in MGL Chapter 32, there is an additional benefit per year for each year of creditable service, up to a stated maximum as defined in the Plan.

NOTE 4 - (Continued)

There is no mandatory retirement age for employees in Group 1. Group 2 and Group 4 members who are employed in certain public safety positions are required to retire at age 65.

A person who became a member before April 2, 2012 is eligible for a superannuation retirement allowance (service retirement) upon meeting the following conditions:

- Completion of 20 years of service, or
- Attainment of age 55 if hired prior to 1978, or if classified in Group 4, or
- Attainment of age 55 with 10 years of service, if hired after 1978, and if classified in Group 1 or 2

A person who became a member on or after April 2, 2012 is eligible for a superannuation retirement allowance (service retirement) upon meeting the following conditions:

- Attainment of age 60 with 10 years of service if classified in Group 1, or
- Attainment of age 55 with 10 years of service if classified in Group 2, or
- Attainment of age 55 if hired prior to 1978, or if classified in Group 4

Contributions

Contributions to provide benefits under the Plan are made by the Authority under the "pay-as-you-go" method by annually contributing the amount determined by the State Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission. The contribution is calculated as the amount necessary to provide for the following year's retirement benefits.

Member contributions vary depending on the most recent date of membership:

Prior to 1975:	5% of regular compensation
1975 to 1983:	7% of regular compensation
1984 to 6/30/1996:	8% of regular compensation
7/1/1996 to present:	9% of regular compensation
1979 to present:	an additional 2% of regular compensation in excess of \$30,000.

In addition, members of Group 1 who join the system on or after April 2, 2012 will have their withholding rate reduced to 6% after achieving 30 years of creditable service.

Pension Liabilities, Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

At December 31, 2016, the Authority reported a liability of \$93,190 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension relative to the projected contributions of all participating Plan employers, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2015, the Authority's proportion was 0.07%. Net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and pension expense are allocated to each employer based on its proportionate share of total employer contributions. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Authority recognized pension expense (reduction) of \$(67,892). Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2015 were not material to the financial statements. The deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions are immaterial to the Authority's financial statements at December 31, 2016.

NOTE 4 - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2015, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2015 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement date:

Investment rate of return:	7.75% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.							
Salary increases:	Select and ultimate by job group; ultimate rates 4.25% for Group 1 and 4.75%							
	for Group 4.							
Inflation:	Not explicitly assumed.							
Cost of Living Adjustment	3% of first \$14,000.							
Mortality	Pre-retirement rates reflect the RP-2000 Employees table projected generationally with Scale BB and a base year of 2009 (gender distinct).							
	Post retirement rates reflect the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table projected generationally with Scale BB and a base year of 2009 (gender distinct).							
	For disabled retirees, the rates reflect the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table projected generationally with Scale BB and a base year of 2012 (gender distinct).							

The investment return assumption is a long-term assumption and is based on capital market expectations by asset class, historical returns, and professional judgment. The market expectations analysis used a building block approach which included expected returns by asset class and the target asset allocation.

Changes in net pension liability

	Pittsfield Retirement Board 100% Increase (Decrease)			Pit	tsfield Ecor	c Developm 0.07% se (Decrease		Authority
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	Net PensionTotal ILiabilityLiability		n Fiduciary et Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at January 1, 2015 Net changes Balances at December 31, 2015	\$240,268,000 9,216,000 \$249,484,000	\$116,359,000 (4,000) \$116,355,000	\$123,909,000 9,220,000 \$133,129,000	\$ 	312,349 (137,710) 174,639	\$ 151,267 (69,818) 81,449	\$ 	161,082 (67,892) 93,190

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 4 - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (6.75%)		Discount Rate (7.75%)		1% Increase (8.75%)	
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	112,402	\$	93,190	\$	76,885

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The Plan does not issue separate financial statements. An actuarial valuation is performed every two years, which is available through the Massachusetts Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission.

Payable to Pension Plan

At December 31, 2016, the Authority reported a payable of \$-0- for outstanding amounts of contributions to the pension plan.

NOTE 5 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. As of the date of the financial statements, the Authority is not aware of any expenditure that may be disallowed by a grantor.

NOTE 6 - FORGIVABLE NOTE RECEIVABLE

In 2014, the Authority entered into an Economic Development Grant Agreement with the Berkshire Innovation Center, Inc. (BIC), a Massachusetts not-for-profit corporation, to provide up to a maximum amount of \$250,000 of grant assistance in the form of a forgivable note receivable. The term of the note shall be ten years with no repayment under the note required. Twenty percent of the outstanding note receivable shall be forgiven by the Authority on the one-year anniversary date of the note and on each anniversary date thereafter until the outstanding principal amount is zero. BIC is to establish the operation of the Berkshire Innovation Center in a facility to be constructed by the City of Pittsfield on land to be leased from the Authority at the corner of Woodlawn Avenue and East Street. The Authority's disbursement of the funds and subsequent amounts forgiven are subject to certain benchmarks, matching, and other compliance requirements.

Total funding disbursed and forgiven as of December 31, 2016 is as follows:

Funds granted in the form of a forgivable note receivable	\$ 250,000
Amount forgiven	 (50,000)
Balance of note receivable as of	
December 31, 2016	\$ 200,000

NOTE 6 - (Continued)

The balance of the forgivable note receivable has the following maturities at December 31:

2017	\$ 50,000
2018	50,000
2019	50,000
2020	37,500
2021	12,500
Total	\$ 200,000

NOTE 7 - ADVANCED REVENUE

General Electric Company agreed to make fifteen million three hundred thousand dollars (\$15,300,000) available to the Authority for economic redevelopment as stated in the Definitive Economic Development Agreement. The amount drawn down, utilized and available is as follows:

Settlement amount	<u>\$</u>	15,300,000			
		Balance 2/31/2015	Current Year Activity		Balance 12/31/2016
Total funds drawn down	\$	15,300,000		\$	15,300,000
Revenue earned and expended on operations		(7,086,122)	\$ (324,115)		(7,410,237)
Revenue earned and expended on capital projects		(2,919,740)			(2,919,740)
Revenue applied to capital loan repayment		(2,739,806)			(2,739,806)
Advanced settlement revenue		2,554,332	(324,115)		2,230,217
Other advanced revenue (see Note 8):					
Landscaping fund		634,013			634,013
Foundations fund	<u> </u>	750,000			750,000
Total advanced revenue	<u>\$</u>	3,938,345	\$ (324,115)	<u>\$</u>	3,614,230

NOTE 8 - LANDSCAPING AND FOUNDATION FUND

Landscaping Fund

General Electric Company (GE) agreed to make three million dollars available for landscaping as stated in the Definitive Economic Development agreement. The landscaping fund can be utilized by GE as well as the Authority. As of December 31, 2015, the Authority has drawn down \$1,392,815 and GE has used \$-0-. The details of the amount drawn down, utilized and available is shown below.

Foundation Fund

During 2011, the Authority entered into an agreement regarding foundations with GE, whereby GE made additional funds available in consideration of the Authority's future need to develop certain property (Teen's Complex) without being unreasonably constrained by the configuration of existing building foundations. The additional funds are available to the Authority for the same purposes and subject to the same terms and conditions as specified in the DEDA. In exchange for the funds, the Authority agreed that GE has fully satisfied their obligations under Section II.F of the DEDA, including but not limited to GE's obligation to provide the Authority at least 350,000 square feet of existing building foundations or appropriate sites for new foundations. The details of the amount drawn down, utilized and available is shown below.

NOTE 8 - (Continued)

	Lands	scaping Fund	Foundations Fund		Total
Settlement amount	<u>\$</u>	3,000,000	\$ 750,000	<u>\$</u>	3,750,000
Funds drawn down in prior years		1,392,815	750,000		2,142,815
Funds drawn down in 2016 Total funds drawn down		1,392,815	750,000		2,142,815
Balance available to draw	<u>\$</u>	1,607,185	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	1,607,185
Total funds drawn down Revenue earned and expended on operations	\$	1,392,815 (758,802)	\$ 750,000	\$	2,142,815 (758,802)
Advanced revenue	<u>\$</u>	634,013	\$ 750,000	<u>\$</u>	1,384,013

NOTE 9 - NATURAL RESOURCE OBLIGATION/ RESTRICTED DEFICIT

The Authority was joined as a necessary party to a Consent Decree entered by the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts on October 27, 2000 in <u>United States of America</u>, et, al. vs. General Electric Company, civil Action No. 99-30225 MAP (D.Mass) and entered into by the United States, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, the State of Connecticut, the General Electric Company, the Authority, and the City of Pittsfield (the "Consent Decree"). Under the Consent Decree, the Authority has certain obligations with respect to the payment of natural resource damages. The Authority is required to pay a total of \$4,000,000 consisting of in-kind services and/or a percentage of its net revenues to the federal government and the states of Connecticut and Massachusetts, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Consent Decree. This resulted in a deficit restricted for the natural resources obligation of \$4,000,000 which the Authority plans to raise through future development of the property. The key provision of the Consent Decree dealing with the Authority's natural resource damages obligations is paragraph 124 of this three hundred page document.

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The Authority entered into a loan agreement on November 4, 2002 with the Massachusetts Development Finance Agency and received uncollateralized loan proceeds of \$124,217 to cover the Authority's 10% share of a 10 year environmental insurance policy premium of \$1,243,710 which expired on August 21, 2012. The Authority agrees to repay the loan within 30 days of the first land sale without interest. As of December 31, 2015, the Authority has not made any land sales, and accordingly, no payments on this note are due.

	Serial Maturity Through	Interest Rates %		utstanding cember 31, 2015	Ad	ditions	Redu	uctions		utstanding cember 31, 2016
Massachusetts Development Finance Agency	NA	None	\$	124,217	\$	201, 500 an.	\$	et 70 TT	<u>\$</u>	124,217
Total			<u>\$</u>	124,217	<u>\$</u>		\$		<u>\$</u>	124,217

NOTE 11 - OPERATING LEASES

Photocopier

During 2013, the Authority entered into an operating lease for a photocopier, which expires in 2017. Lease expense was \$2,397 for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Office space

The Authority has an agreement with General Electric Company to lease office space located at 81 Kellogg Street in Pittsfield, Massachusetts at no charge in accordance with the Definitive Economic Development Agreement, which expires in 2017. Beginning in 2015, the Authority became responsible for utility costs, which had previously been paid by General Electric. The Authority recorded \$25,000 of in kind rental income and expense on its books for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Parking space

During 2012, the Authority entered into a 25 year agreement to lease a parking lot from General Electric Company at the corner of Woodlawn Avenue and Kellogg Street at no charge. The Authority is responsible for all maintenance, repaying and lighting.

NOTE 12 - LEASE AGREEMENTS

Pittsfield Stanley Works

During 2011, the Authority entered into a lease agreement with the Pittsfield Stanley Works, LLC to lease a parcel of land, designated as Parcel 2 at the William Stanley Business Park which is redeveloped land owned by the Authority. The initial term of the lease is fifty-one (51) years. The lease term may be extended for two additional periods of twenty-four years each. The Lessee shall pay \$905 per month, adjusted for inflation in years 6-51, in accordance with the lease agreement. The Lessee is also responsible for its share of Common Area Maintenance costs as described in the lease agreement. Total lease income was \$10,860 and common area maintenance income was \$9,453 for the year ended December 31, 2016.

The future minimum lease income expected to be received over the next five years are as follows:

\$ 10,860
\$ 10,860
\$ 10,860
\$ 10,860
\$ 10,860
\$ \$ \$

City of Pittsfield

In August 2015, the Authority entered into a lease agreement with the City of Pittsfield to lease a parcel of land at the corner of Woodlawn Avenue and East Street. Under this agreement, the City will sublease the space to the Berkshire Innovation Center, Inc., (BIC) a non-profit organization, for the purpose of constructing a facility to promote growth of existing businesses in Berkshire County. The initial term of the lease is fifty-one (51) years. The lease term may be extended for two additional periods of twenty-four (24) years each. The lessee shall pay annual rent of \$1. Upon completion of the project, the City will convey its interest in the ground lease and building to BIC, at which time BIC will be responsible for rent and its share of common area maintenance costs.

Other lease

In April 2015, the Authority entered into a short-term license agreement to allow Ruport Realty, LLC (Northern Construction Services, LLC) access to land adjacent to Woodlawn Avenue for the purpose of parking of vehicles, and storage of equipment, supplies and non-hazardous construction materials in conjunction with reconstruction of the Woodlawn Avenue Bridge. The licensee paid rent of \$750 per month until termination of the agreement, which took pace upon completion of construction in July 2016. Total lease income was \$5,250 for the year ended December 31, 2016.

NOTE 13 - SUBLEASE AGREEMENTS

Office space

In 2012, the Authority entered into an agreement to sublease a portion of its office space at 81 Kellogg Street to a third party, which expired in October 2016. The Lessee was also responsible for its share of Common Area Maintenance costs as described in the lease agreement. Total sublease income was \$8,720 and common area maintenance income was \$1,905 for the year ended December 31, 2016. As of December 31, 2016, total rent receivable outstanding of \$11,040 was determined to be uncollectible and was written off as bad debt.

Parking space

In June 2013, the Authority entered into an agreement to sublease a portion of its parking lot at the corner of Woodlawn Avenue and Kellogg Street, which expires in 2017. Under the terms of the lease, the lessee shall pay rent of \$394 per month. Total sublease income was \$4,713 for the year ended December 31, 2016.

NOTE 14 - RISKS TRANSFERRED TO THIRD PARTIES

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss relating to torts; theft or damage of, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries; and natural disasters. The Authority has obtained a variety of commercial and environmental liability insurance policies, which pass the risks of loss listed above to independent third parties. Settlement claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial or environmental insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENT LAND PURCHASE AGREEMENT

The Authority has entered into multiple agreements with a private developer to sell a parcel of land, known as the "Teens" or "Site 9" at the William Stanley Business Park. The developer intends to construct a retail store and is in the process of obtaining the necessary governmental approvals and permits to proceed with the purchase and construction. As part of the agreements, the developer made a non-refundable deposit of \$65,000, which will be used as a credit towards the purchase price at closing. As of the date of the financial statements, the developer has not obtained all the necessary approvals and permits to proceed with a final purchase of the property.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2016

Schedule of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	Plan Year Ended December 31,					
		2015				
Pittsfield Retirement System net pension liability	\$	133,129,000	\$	123,909,000		
Authority's proportion of the net pension liability		0.07%		0.13%		
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	93,190	\$	161,082		
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$	65,000	\$	65,000		
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		143.37%		247.82%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		46.64%		48.43%		

Schedule of Authority Pension Contributions

		Plan Year Ende	d Deo	cember 31,
		2015		2014
Pittsfield Retirement System contractually required contribution	\$	11,010,977	\$	10,555,614
Contractually required contribution	\$	7,679	\$	13,668
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(7,679)		(13,668)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$	65,000	\$	65,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.81%		21.03%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Changes of benefit terms: None

Changes of assumptions: Scale used for mortality tables changed from AA to BB

Last 10 years: only plan years 2014 and 2015 available

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors **PITTSFIELD ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY 81** Kellogg St. Pittsfield, MA 01201

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Pittsfield Economic Development Authority, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Pittsfield Economic Development Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 4, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Pittsfield Economic Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pittsfield Economic Development Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pittsfield Economic Development Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Pittsfield Economic Development Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing* Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ADELSON & COMPANY PC Pittsfield, MA

March 4, 2017